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Supplementary Materials for

Sub-100-nm metafluorophores with digitally tunable optical properties self-assembled from DNA

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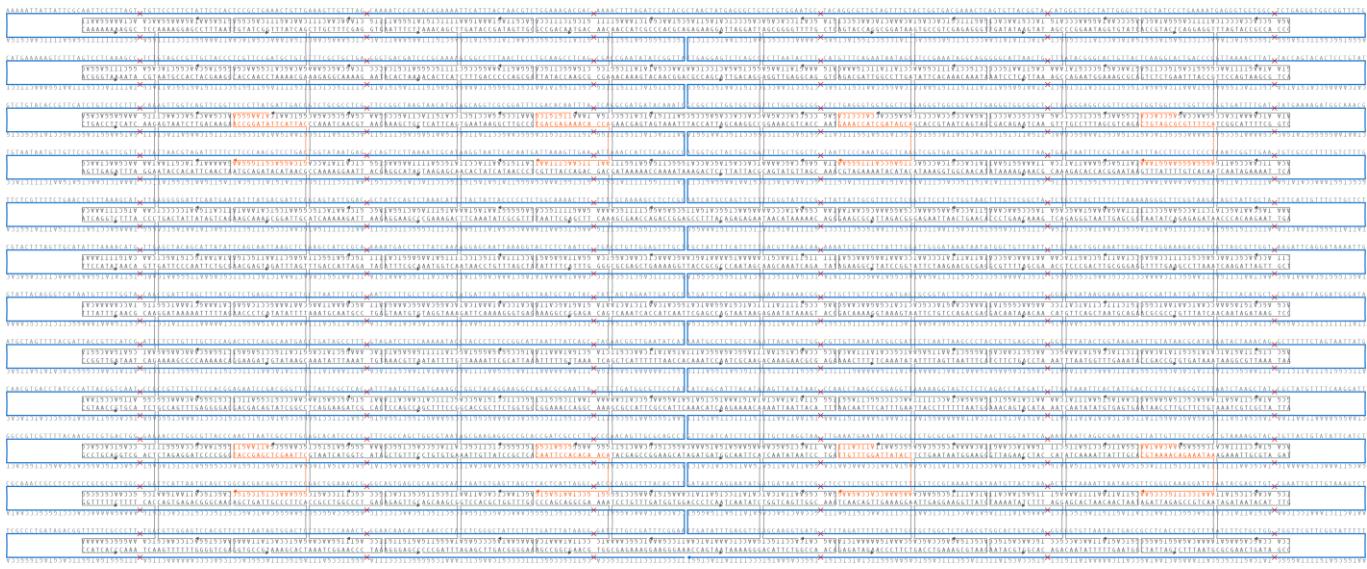


fig. S1. caDNAo DNA origami design. Circular DNA scaffold (blue) is routed in horizontal loops to form 24 parallel helices. Staple strands (gray) connect parts of the scaffold and form the rectangle. Eight strands are biotinylated on the 5'-end (orange). Most gray staples' 3' and 5'-ends are on the same DNA origami face. However, Biotin and dye functionalizations are intended to protrude on opposite faces. With the help of adjacent staples, the orange staples are shifted by one helix. This switches the 3' and 5'-ends to the opposite face. Red crosses define base-skips, which are required to prevent the DNA origami from twisting.

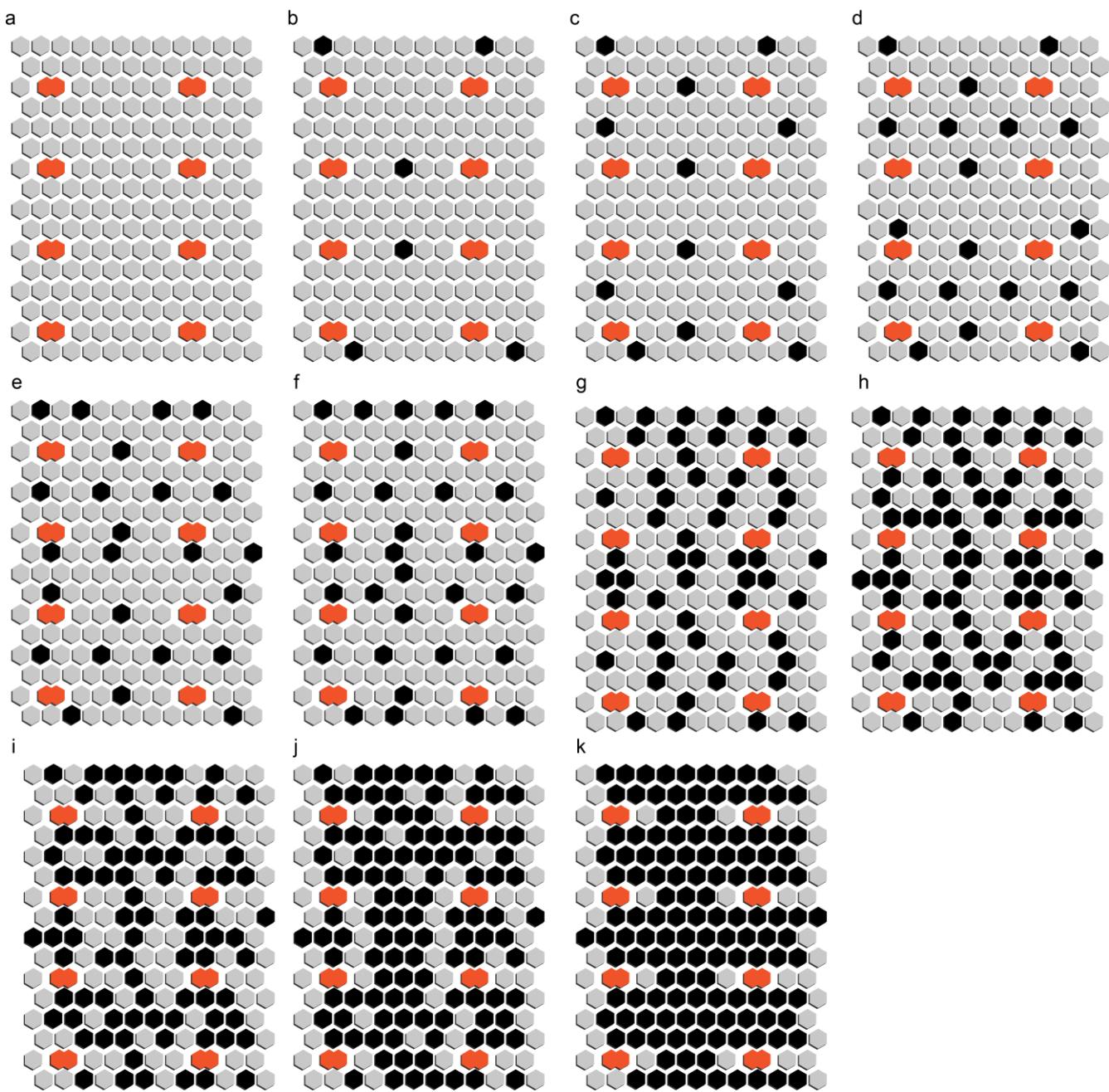


fig. S2. Schematic DNA origami staple layouts of single-color metafluorophores (6 to 132). Hexagons represent 3'-ends of all 176 staples, compare to figure S1. Orange shapes represent biotinylated staple strands, protruding on the opposite face. Black hexagons represent staples with 3'-handle extension, see table S3. Pattern is the same for Atto 647N, Cy3 and Atto 488. (a) is a not functionalized structure, corresponding to the caDNAno layout. (b) 6, (c) 12, (d) 18, (e) 24, (f) 30, (g) 54, (h) 72, (i) 84, (j) 108 and (k) 132 dyes attached.

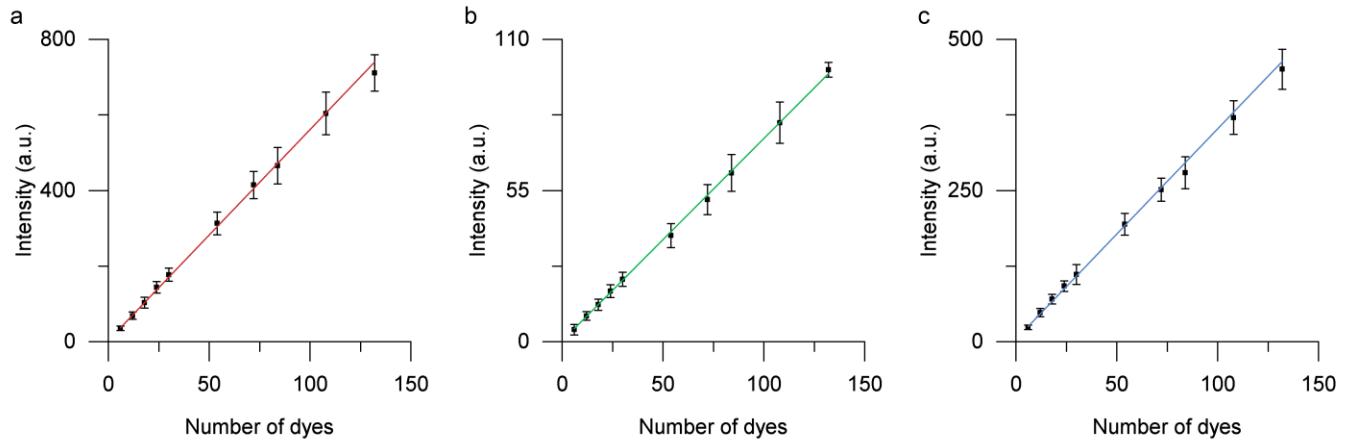
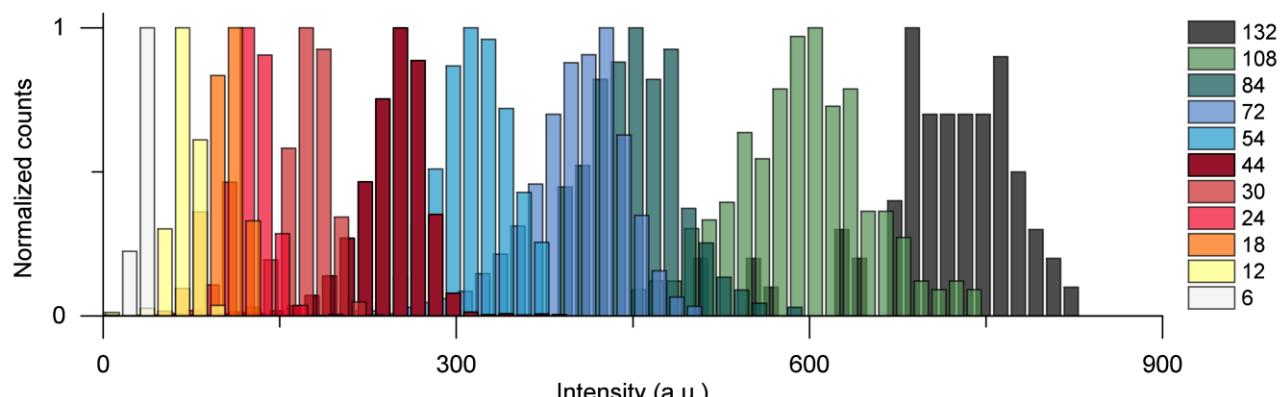
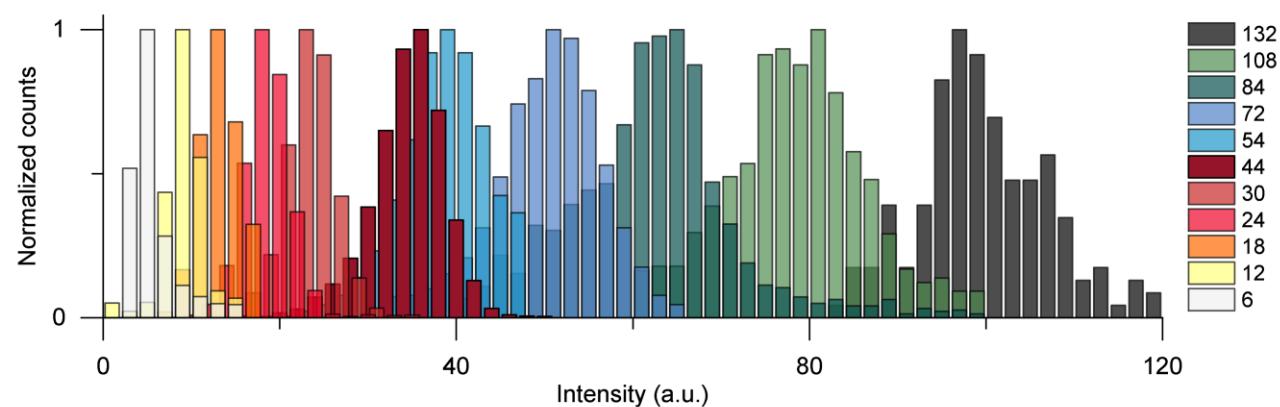


fig. S3. Linear dependence of intensity on the number of dyes per DNA origami (calibrated). From 6 to 132 dyes per DNA origami, the intensity scales linearly for (a) Atto 647N, (b) Cy3 and (c) Atto 488. Investigated samples are identical to those in Figure 1 of the main text. However, samples contained the structure of interest and additionally a second DNA origami with a significantly different dye count as reference. This allows comparison and calibration of measured intensities and thereby reduces sample-to-sample variations. Corresponding data in Figure 1 of the main text is not calibrated.

a



b



c

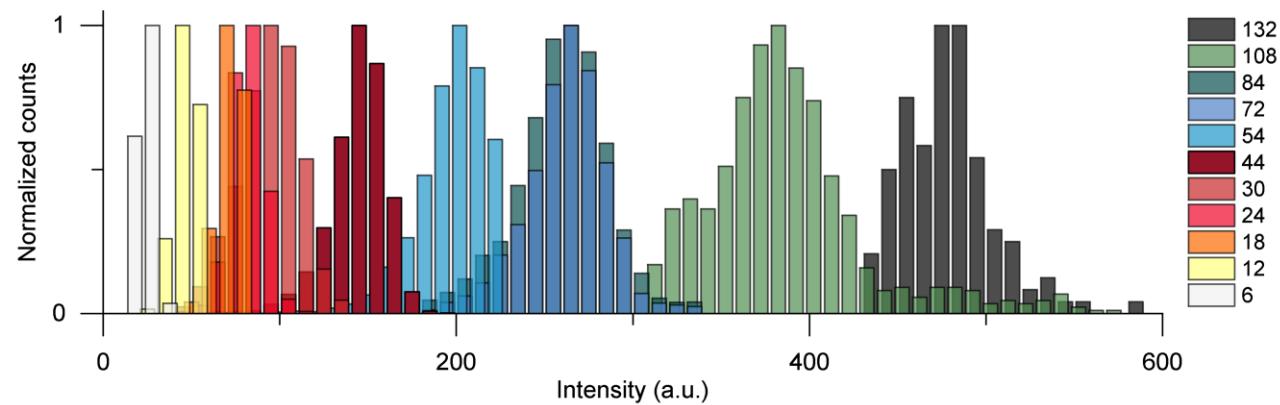


fig. S4. Intensity distributions for 6 to 132 dyes. Data corresponds to figure S3, where mean and standard deviation of the distributions are plotted. (a) Atto 647N. (b) Cy3. (c) Atto 488. Investigated samples contained the structure of interest and a second DNA origami with a significantly different dye count as reference. Reference intensity distributions are not shown.

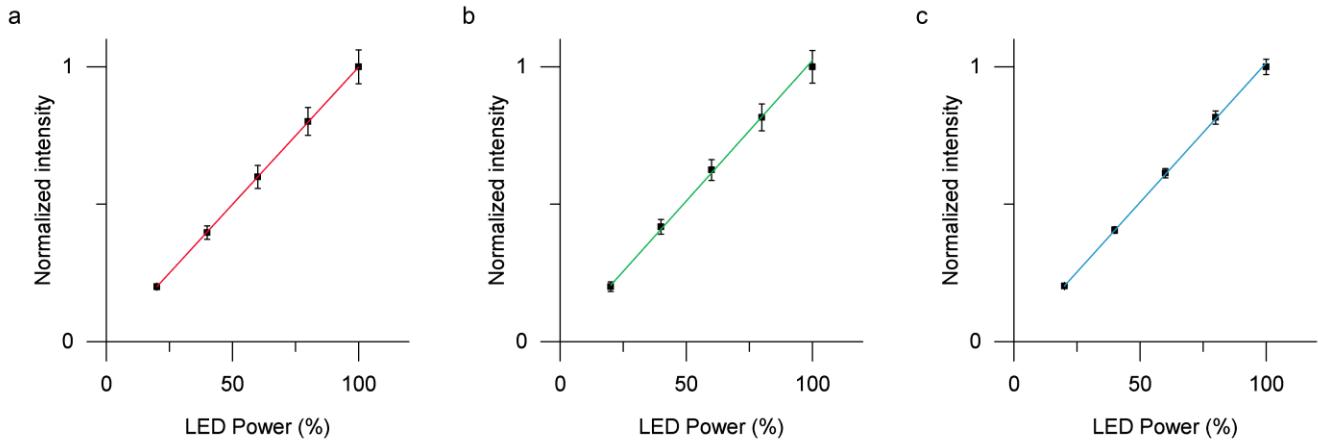


fig. S5. Excitation power variation. The measured intensity of a 30 dye metafluorophore scales linear with the applied excitation intensity for (a) Atto 647N, (b) Cy3 and (c) Atto 488. More than 12,000 metafluorophores were evaluated per data point. Camera integration times were constant at 10 s. All subsequent measurements throughout this study were performed at 60 %.

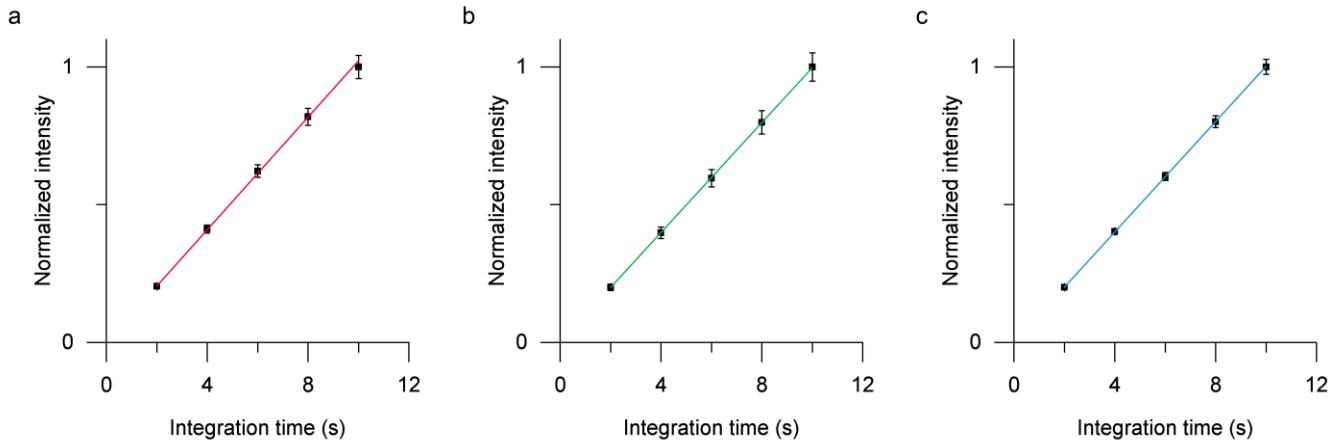


fig. S6. Integration time variation. DNA origami-based metafluorophore recordings were measured using a Hamamatsu ORCA Flash 4.0 sCMOS camera. Integration times were varied from 2 s to 10 s per recording and show a linear increase in intensity of a 30 dye metafluorophore for (a) Atto 647N, (b) Cy3 and (c) Atto 488 at 60 % excitation intensity. More than 12,000 metafluorophores were evaluated per data point.

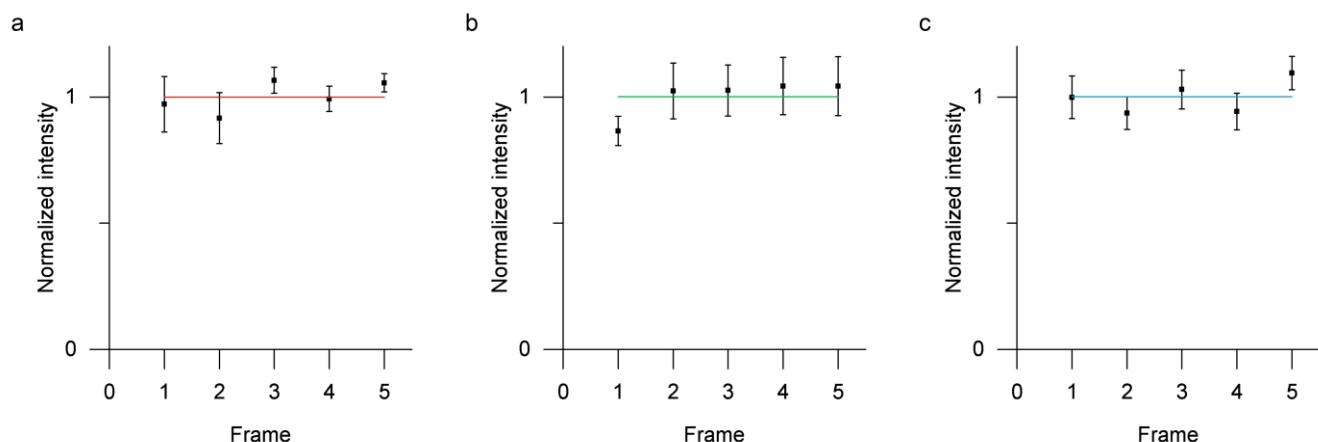


fig. S7. Refocusing performance. While repeated focusing attempts may lead to imaging in different focal planes, different focal planes may yield different intensities of a single target. The same samples, containing DNA origami based metafluorophores with 30 dyes, were imaged and refocused five times for (a) Atto 647N, (b) Cy3 and (c) Atto 488. Plots are normalized to the average value (colored line).

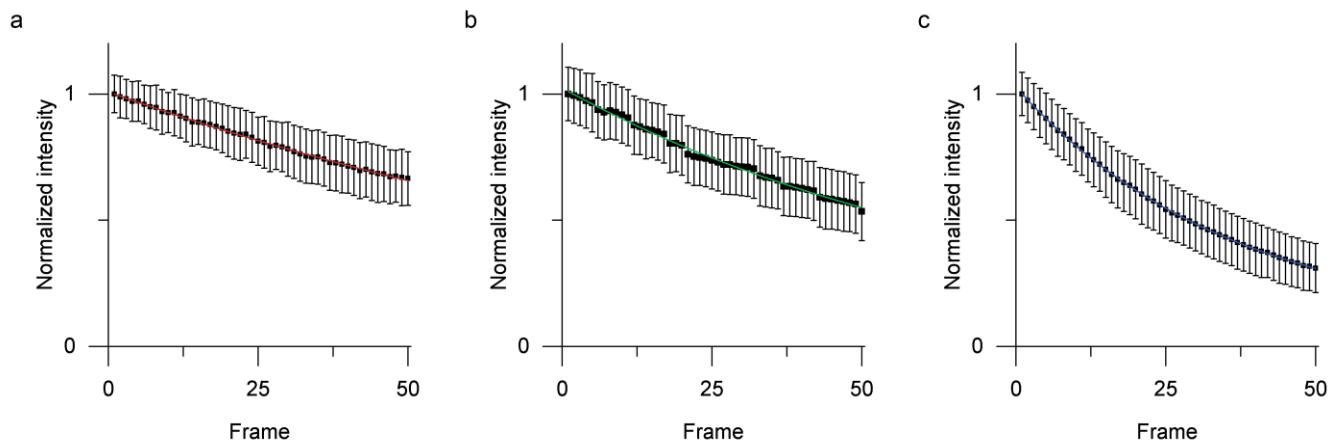


fig. S8. Photostability. Repeated recording of the same area causes photobleaching of the dyes. The measured intensity drops exponentially. Measurements were performed at 60 % excitation power and integration times of 10 s per frame on a 30 dye DNA origami metafluorophore for (a) Atto 647N (-0.77 %), (b) Cy3 (-1.37 %) and (c) Atto 488 (-2.80 % per acquisition) on the Zeiss Axio Observer microscope.

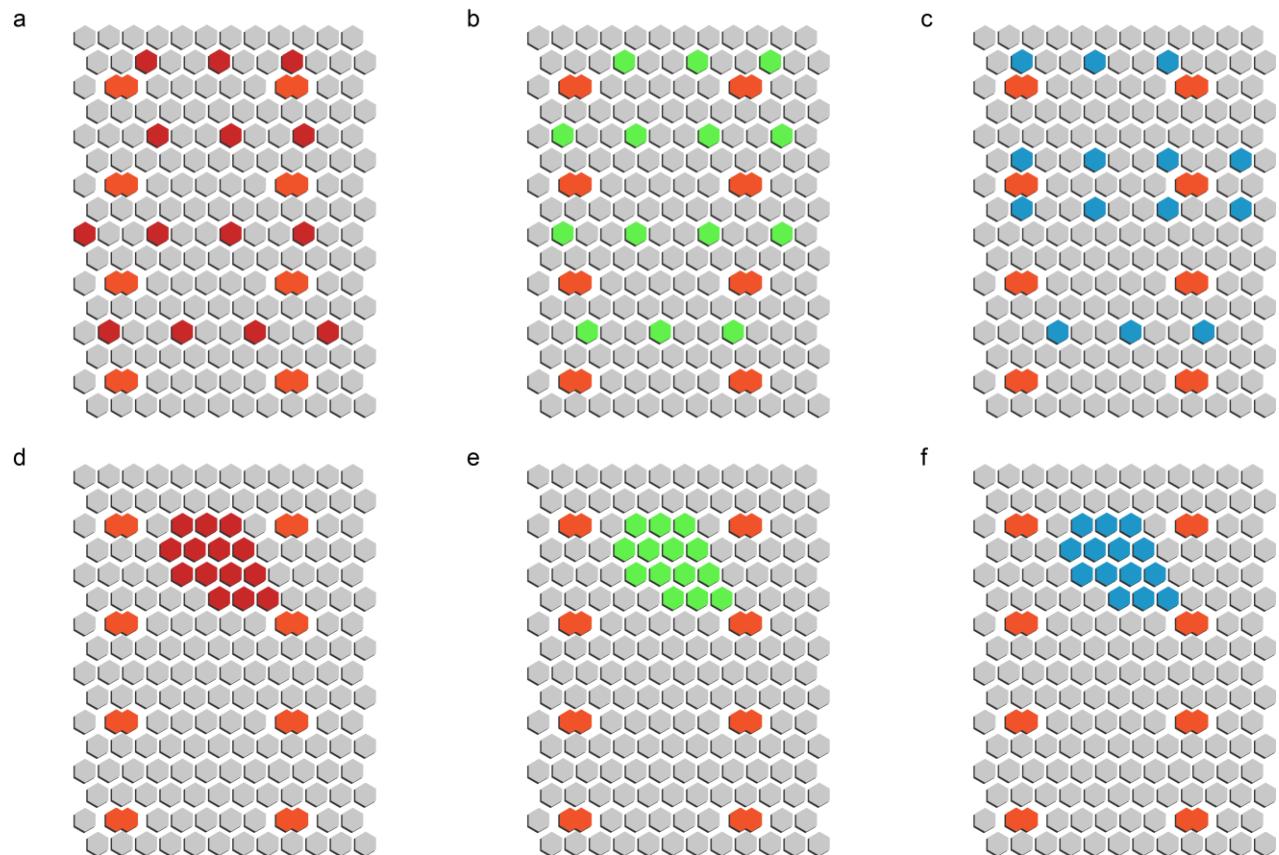


fig. S9. Schematic DNA origami staple layouts of self-quenching study. (a to c) Sparse dye patterning on DNA origami with ~ 15 nm dye-to-dye distance, for Atto 647N (red), Cy3 (green) and Atto 488 (blue). (d to f) Dense dye patterning on DNA origami with ~ 5 nm dye-to-dye distance, for Atto 647N (red), Cy3 (green) and Atto 488 (blue).

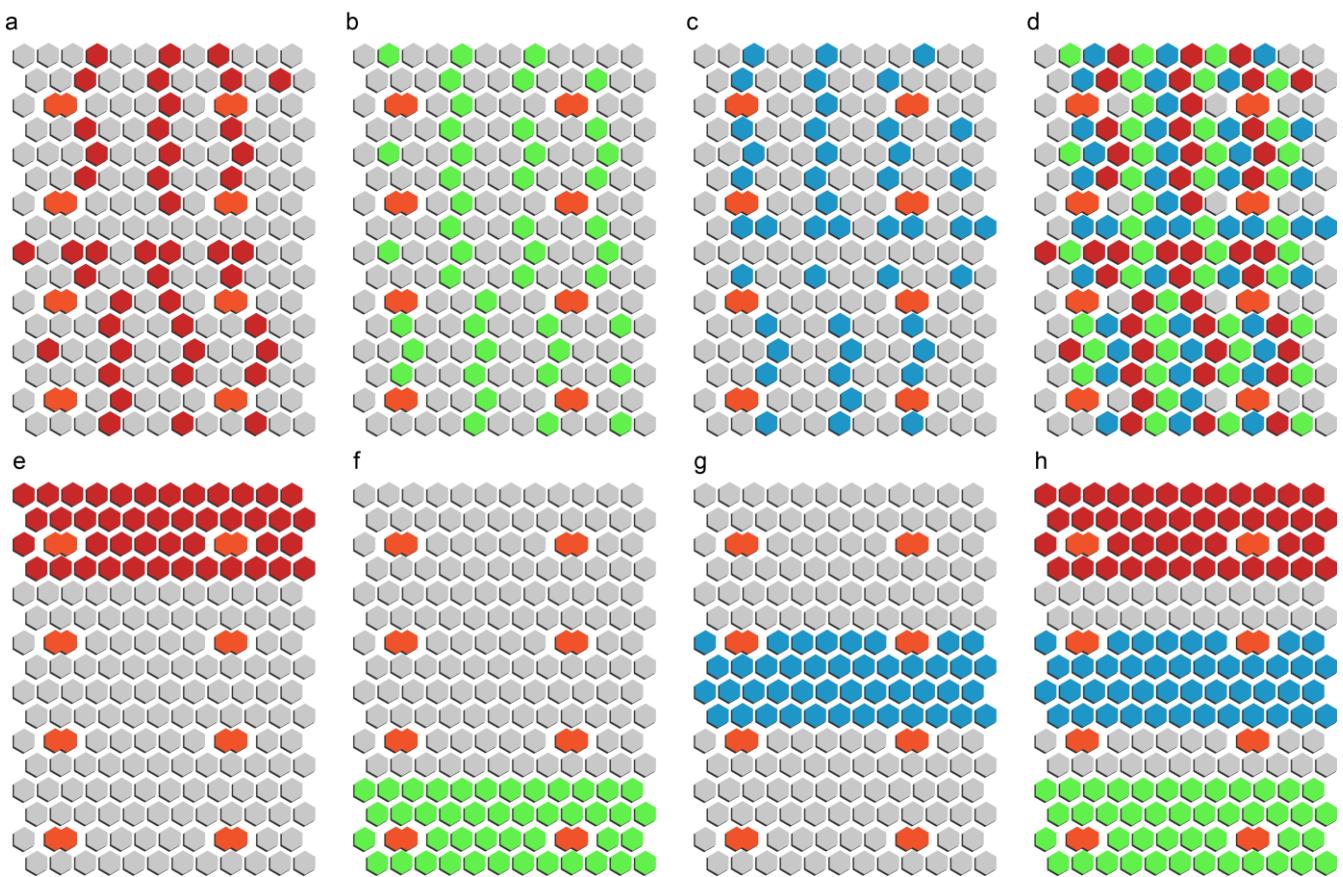


fig. S10. FRET investigation dye patterning (random and column-wise). (a to d) Mixed dye patterns, corresponding to Figure 2 (a-c) of the main text. (e to h) Column-wise dye pattern with inter-color spacing > 10 nm, corresponding to figure 2 (d-f) of the main text.

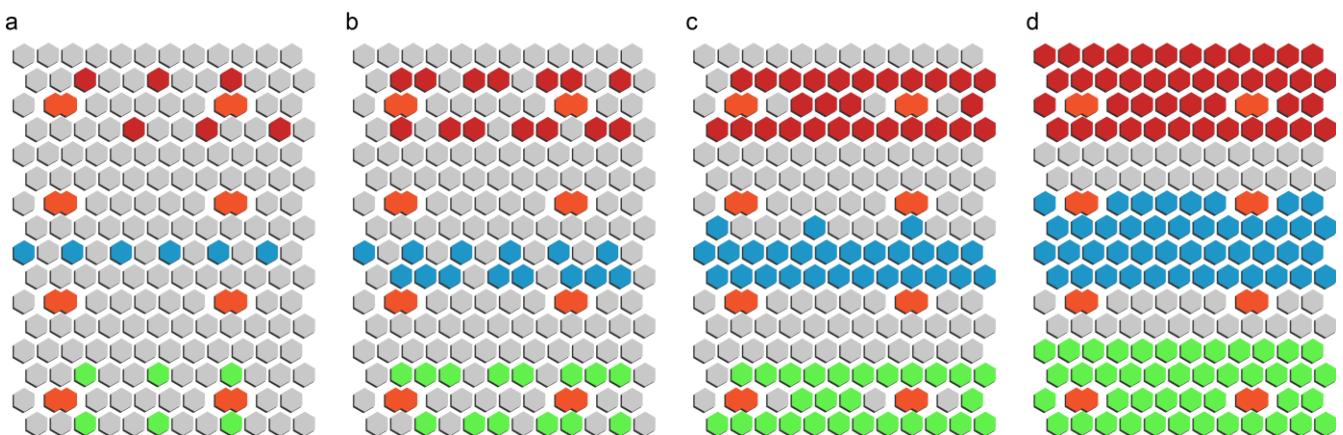


fig. S11. Intensity barcode dye patterns. The column-wise dye pattern separates distinct dyes > 10 nm and thus prevents FRET. (a) 6, (b) 14, (c) 27 and (d) 44 dyes attached per color. These layouts were used to independently control brightness levels for all three colors in the barcode studies.

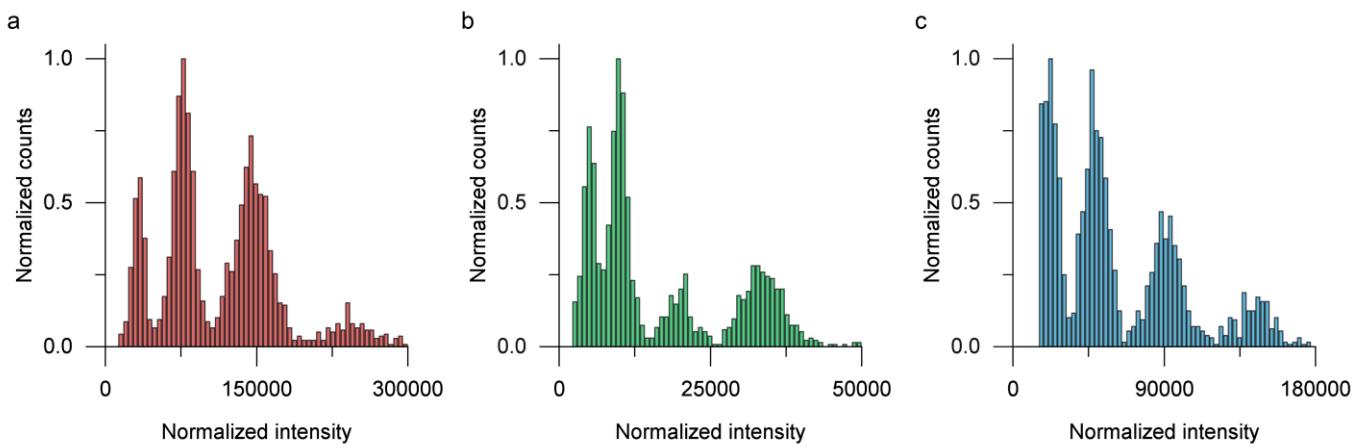


fig. S12. Intensity distributions for 124 barcodes in one sample. Exemplary intensity distributions of 25 distinct metafluorophores combined in one sample for (a) Atto 647N, (b) Cy3 and (c) Atto 488. Four levels (corresponding to 6, 14, 27 and 44 dyes) are clearly distinguishable. Overlapping regions in between peaks were identified (see software section) and barcodes displaying corresponding intensities were classified as unqualified.

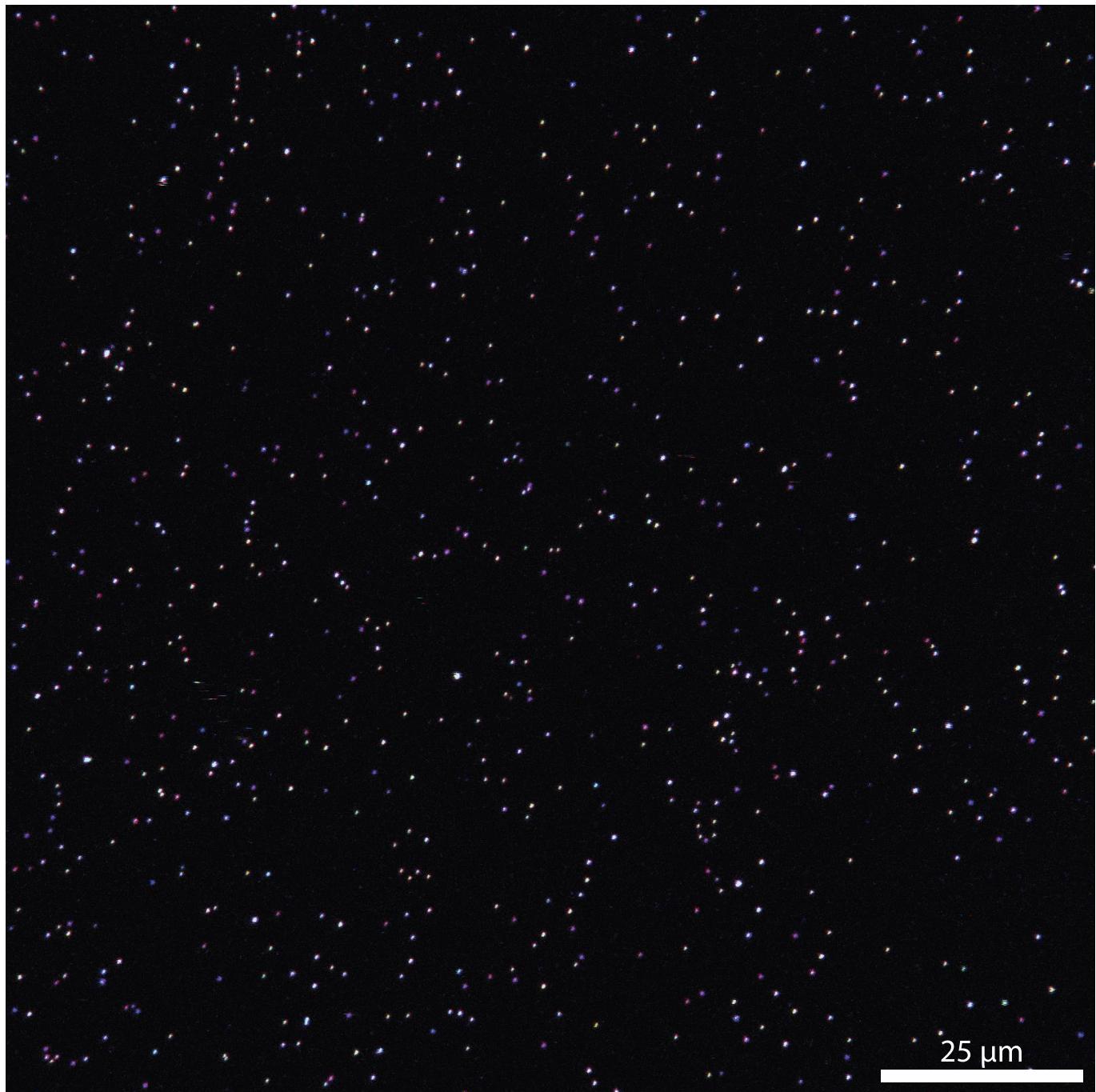


fig. S13. Exemplary fluorescent image of nucleic acid detection. Three-color confocal image of the nucleic acid detection experiment. Eight different barcodes were used (see table S7), six of them specifically tethered to the glass surface by synthetic DNA targets. Note that the fluorescent image (and thus the data analysis) is comparable to the image in Fig. 3b. Identifying all barcodes yields the first data set (i.e. the green bars) in figure S14b.

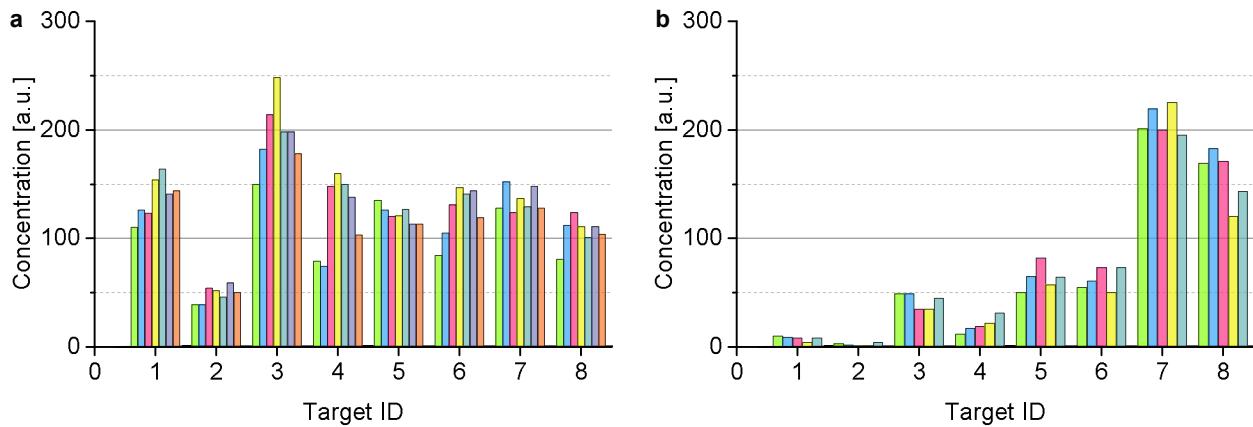


fig. S14. DNA detection calibration. (a) Eight DNA targets (See table S7) have been added to a detection assay at the same designed concentration (12.5 pM). Due to imperfect initial determination of target concentration and subsequent pipetting errors, the different targets are not detected with the same frequency. However, this target-to-target variation is constant between samples. By normalizing the average of each target to a reference target (here Target ID '3'), a calibration table can be produced. This allows the normalization of future measurements with the same targets. (b) Counted metafluorophores from the same experiment as shown in Fig. 4c, before normalization. In contrast to (a), targets have been added at different concentrations: 0 pM (targets 1 and 2), 1.5 pM (targets 3 and 4), 4.5 pM (targets 5 and 6) and 13.5 pM (targets 7 and 8). Since targets 1 and 2 have been omitted, the corresponding detections represent non-specifically bound metafluorophores and false-positives.

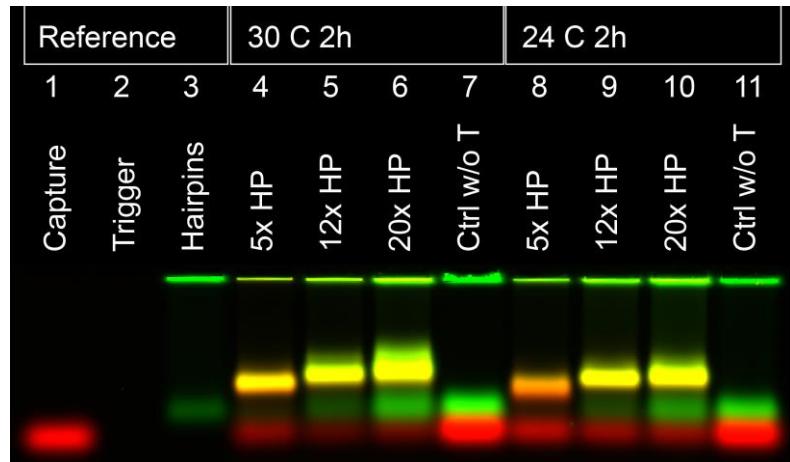


fig. S15. Triggered assembly formation gel assay. See 'triggered assembly gel assay protocol' for details. Capture strands (CAP) are labeled with Alexa 647 (red), hairpins (HP) with Cy3 (green). Trigger strands (T) are unlabeled. Lane 1 (1 pmol CAP) and 3 (12 pmol) serve as reference for CAP and HP migration speeds. Lanes 4 - 7 show reactions performed at 30 C, lanes 8 - 11 at 24 C, respectively (1 pmol CAP each). Control lanes 7 and 11 are missing the (T) strand, thereby inhibiting triangle formation. Lanes only show CAP and HP bands, in agreement with the reference bands.

Assembly reactions in lanes 5 and 9 had 12 fold excess of HP strands over CAP strands (10.9 over T) and triangles (10 HP per triangle) are formed as indicated by the strong band migrating slower than the reference bands. The presence of a CAP reference band indicates that not all CAP strands formed a triangle. Since HP strands are in slight stoichiometric excess in regards to the triangles, a weak HP band is notable.

Lanes 6 and 10 contain reactions with higher HP excess. Product bands appear to migrate slightly slower than the product bands in lane 5 and 9, indicating only marginally increased triangle size.

Reactions in lanes 4 and 8 were had insufficient HP to fully assemble a triangle (<5 of 10 strands). Lanes show a faster product band than the corresponding 12x and 20x lanes, implying only partly assembled triangles. The green HP band is very weak, indicating complete usage of HP strands.

table S1. DNA origami staple sequences. The colors match those in the caDNAno layout shown in fig. S1. The first column denotes the staples position according to the caDNAno layout. The first digit indicates the helix the 5'-end is located on (y-coordinate), the succeeding number in brackets marks the number of base pairs the 5'-end is away from the boundary (x-coordinate). The second pair of numbers corresponds to the 3'-end in similar fashion.

Position	Sequence	Color	Description
0[111]1[95]	TAAATGAATTTCGTATGGGATTAATTCTT		Structure strand
0[143]1[127]	TCTAAAGTTCTCGTCTTCAGCCGACAA		Structure strand
0[175]0[144]	TCCACAGACAGCCTCATAGTTAGCGTAACGA		Structure strand
0[207]1[191]	TCACCAGTACAACACTACAACGCCAGTACCA		Structure strand
0[239]1[223]	AGGAACCCATGTACCGTAACACTTGATAAA		Structure strand
0[271]1[255]	CCACCCCTCATTTCAAGGGATAGCAACCGTACT		Structure strand
0[47]1[31]	AGAAAGGAACAACTAAAGGAATTCAAAAAAA		Structure strand
0[79]1[63]	ACAACTTCAACAGTTCAAGGGATGTATCGG		Structure strand
1[128]4[128]	TGACAACTCGCTGAGGCTTGATTACCAAGCGCGATGATAAA		Structure strand
1[160]2[144]	TTAGGATTGGCTGAGACTCCTCAATAACCGAT		Structure strand
1[192]4[192]	GCGGATAACCTATTCTGAAACAGACGATTGGCCTGAAAGAGCCAC		Structure strand
1[224]3[223]	GTATAGCAAACAGTTAATGCCAATCCTCA		Structure strand
1[256]4[256]	CAGGAGGTGGGTCAGTGCCTGAGTCTCTGAATTACCGGGAACCA		Structure strand
1[32]3[31]	AGGCTCCAGAGGCTTGAGGACACGGTAA		Structure strand
1[64]4[64]	TTTATCAGGACAGCATCGAACGACACCAACCTAAAACGAGGTCAATC		Structure strand
1[96]3[95]	AAACAGCTTTGCGGGATCGTCAACACTAAA		Structure strand
10[111]8[112]	TTGCTCCTTCAAATATCGCGTTGAGGGGGT		Structure strand
10[143]9[159]	CCAACAGGAGCGAACAGACCGGAGCCTTAC		Structure strand
10[175]8[176]	TTAACGTCTAACATAAAACAGGTAAACGGA		Structure strand
10[207]8[208]	ATCCAATGAGAAATTAACTGAACAGTTACCA		Structure strand
10[239]8[240]	GCCAGTTAGAGGTAAATTGAGCGCTTAAAGAA		Structure strand
10[271]8[272]	ACGCTAACACCCACAAGAATTGAAAATAGC		Structure strand
10[47]8[48]	CTGTAGCTTGAATTAGTAGTCAGTTCATG		Structure strand
10[79]8[80]	GATGGCTTATCAAAAGATTAAGAGCGTCC		Structure strand
11[128]13[127]	TTTGGGGATAGTAGTCATTAAAAGGCCG		Structure strand
11[160]12[144]	CCAATAGCTCATCGTAGGAATCATGGCATCAA		Structure strand
11[192]13[191]	TATCCGGTCTCATCGAGAACAGCGACAAAAG		Structure strand
11[224]13[223]	CGCACCTCAAAGAACGGGTATGACAATAA		Structure strand
11[256]13[255]	GCCTTAAACCAATCAATAATCGGCACGCGCCT		Structure strand
11[32]13[31]	AACAGTTTGATCAGGAAACAGGTTACCTTAA		Structure strand
11[64]13[63]	GATTAGTCATAAAAGCCTCAGAGAACCCCTCA		Structure strand
11[96]13[95]	AATGGTCAACAGGAAGGCAAGAGTAATGTG		Structure strand
12[111]10[112]	TAAATCATATAACCTGTTAGCTAACCTTAA		Structure strand
12[143]11[159]	TTCTACTACCGCGAGCTGAAAGGTACCGCGC		Structure strand
12[175]10[176]	TTTATTTAACGAAATCAGATATTTTGT		Structure strand
12[207]10[208]	GTACCGCAATTCTAACGACCGAGTATTATT		Structure strand
12[239]10[240]	CTTATCATTCCGACTTGCAGGAGCCTAATT		Structure strand

12[271]10[272]	TGTAGAAATCAAGATTAGTTGCTTACCA		Structure strand
12[47]10[48]	TAAATCGGGATCCCAATTCTCGCATATAATG		Structure strand
12[79]10[80]	AAATTAAGTTGACCATTAGATACTTTGCG		Structure strand
13[128]15[127]	GAGACAGCTAGCTGATAAATTAATTTTGT		Structure strand
13[160]14[144]	GTAATAAGTTAGGCAGAGGCATTTATGATATT		Structure strand
13[192]15[191]	GTAAAGTAATGCCATATTAACAAAACCTTT		Structure strand
13[224]15[223]	ACAACATGCCAACGCTCAACAGTCTTCTGA		Structure strand
13[256]15[255]	GTTTATCAATATGCGTTATACAAACCGACCGT		Structure strand
13[32]15[31]	AACGCAAATCGATGAACGGTACCGGTTGA		Structure strand
13[64]15[63]	TATATTTGTCATTGCCTGAGAGTGGAAAGATT		Structure strand
13[96]15[95]	TAGGTAAACTATTTGAGAGATCAAACGTTA		Structure strand
14[111]12[112]	GAGGGTAGGATTCAAAAGGGTGAGACATCCAA		Structure strand
14[143]13[159]	CAACCGTTCAAATCACCACATCAATTGAGCCA		Structure strand
14[175]12[176]	CATGTAATAGAATATAAAGTACCAAGCCGT		Structure strand
14[207]12[208]	AATTGAGAATTCTGTCAGACGACTAAACCAA		Structure strand
14[239]12[240]	AGTATAAAGTTAGCTAATGCAGATGTCTTTC		Structure strand
14[271]12[272]	TTAGTATCACAAATAGATAAGTCCACGAGCA		Structure strand
14[47]12[48]	AAACAGAGGGATAAAATTTAGCATAAAGC		Structure strand
14[79]12[80]	GCTATCAGAAATCAATGCCTGAATTAGCA		Structure strand
15[128]18[128]	TAAATCAAAATAATCGCGTCTCGAAACCAGGCAAAGGGAGG		Structure strand
15[160]16[144]	ATCGCAAGTATGTAATGCTGATGATAGGAAC		Structure strand
15[192]18[192]	TCAAATATAACCTCCGGTTAGGTAAACAATTTCATTGAAGGCGAATT		Structure strand
15[224]17[223]	CCTAAATCAAAATCATAGGTCTAACAGTA		Structure strand
15[256]18[256]	GTGATAAAAAGACGCTGAGAAGAGATAACCTTGCTCTGTTGGAGA		Structure strand
15[32]17[31]	TAATCAGCGGATTGACCGTAATCGTAACCG		Structure strand
15[64]18[64]	GTATAAGCCAACCGTCGGATTCTGACGACAGTATCGGCCGCAAGGCG		Structure strand
15[96]17[95]	ATATTTGGCTTCATCAACATTATCCAGCCA		Structure strand
16[111]14[112]	TGTAGCCATTAAAATCGCATTAAATGCCGGA		Structure strand
16[143]15[159]	GCCATCAAGCTCATTTTAACCAAAATCCA		Structure strand
16[175]14[176]	TATAACTAACAAAGAACGCGAGAACGCCAA		Structure strand
16[207]14[208]	ACCTTTTATTTAGTTAATTCTAGGGCTT		Structure strand
16[239]14[240]	GAATTTATTTAATGGTTGAAATATTCTTACC		Structure strand
16[271]14[272]	CTTAGATTTAAGCGTTAATAAAAGCCTGT		Structure strand
16[47]14[48]	ACAAACGGAAAAGCCCCAAAAACACTGGAGCA		Structure strand
16[79]14[80]	GCGAGTAAAATTTAAATTGTTACAAAG		Structure strand
17[160]18[144]	AGAAAACAAAGAAGATGATGAAACAGGCTGCG		Structure strand
17[224]19[223]	CATAATCTTGAATACCAAGTGTAGAAC		Structure strand
17[32]19[31]	TGCATCTTCCCAGTCACGACGGCTGCAG		Structure strand
17[96]19[95]	GCTTCCGATTACGCCAGCTGGCGGCTGTTTC		Structure strand
18[111]16[112]	TCTTCGCTGCACCGCTTCTGGTGCAGCCTTCC		Structure strand
18[143]17[159]	CAACTGTTGCGCCATTGCCATTCAAACATCA		Structure strand
18[175]16[176]	CTGAGCAAAATTAATTACATTGGGGTTA		Structure strand
18[207]16[208]	CGCGCAGATTACCTTTTAATGGGAGAGACT		Structure strand
18[239]16[240]	CCTGATTGCAATATGTGAGTGTCAATAGT		Structure strand

18[271]16[272]	CTTTTACAAAATCGTCGCTATTAGCGATAG		Structure strand
18[47]16[48]	CCAGGGTTGCCAGTTGAGGGGACCGTGGGA		Structure strand
18[79]16[80]	GATGTGCTTCAGGAAGATCGCACAAATGTGA		Structure strand
19[160]20[144]	GCAATTACACATATCCTGATTATCAAAGTGT		Structure strand
19[224]21[223]	CTACCATAGTTGAGTAACATTAAAATAT		Structure strand
19[32]21[31]	GTCGACTTCGGCAACCGCGGGGTTTT		Structure strand
19[96]21[95]	CTGTGTGATTGCCTGCGCTCACTAGAGTTGC		Structure strand
2[111]0[112]	AAGGCCGCTGATAACCGATAGTTGCGACGTTAG		Structure strand
2[143]1[159]	ATATTCGGAACCATCGCCCACCGAGAGAAGGA		Structure strand
2[175]0[176]	TATTAAGAACGGGGTTTGCTCGTAGCAT		Structure strand
2[207]0[208]	TTTCCGAAGTGCCTCGAGAGGGTAGAGTTCG		Structure strand
2[239]0[240]	GCCCGTATCCGAATAGGTGTATCAGCCAAT		Structure strand
2[271]0[272]	GTTTTAACCTAGTACCGCCACCCAGAGCCA		Structure strand
2[47]0[48]	ACGGCTACAAAAGGAGCCTTTAATGTGAGAAT		Structure strand
2[79]0[80]	CAGCGAAACTTGCCTTCGAGGTGTTGCTAA		Structure strand
20[111]18[112]	CACATTAAAATTGTTATCGCTCATGCGGGCC		Structure strand
20[143]19[159]	AAGCCTGGTACGAGCCGAAGCATAGATGATG		Structure strand
20[175]18[176]	ATTATCATTCAATATAATCCTGACAATTAC		Structure strand
20[207]18[208]	GCGAACATCTGAATAATGGAAGGTACAAAAT		Structure strand
20[239]18[240]	ATTTTAAAATCAAATTATTGCGACGGATTG		Structure strand
20[271]18[272]	CTCGTATTAGAAATTGCGTAGATACTGAC		Structure strand
20[47]18[48]	TTAATGAACTAGAGGATCCCCGGGGTAACG		Structure strand
20[79]18[80]	TTCCAGTCGTAATCATGGTCATAAAAGGGG		Structure strand
21[120]23[127]	CCCAGCAGCGAAAAATCCCTATAAAATCAAGCCGGC		Structure strand
21[160]22[144]	TCAATATCGAACCTCAAATATCAATTCCGAAA		Structure strand
21[184]23[191]	TCAACAGTTGAAAGGAGCAAATGAAAAATCTAGAGATAGA		Structure strand
21[224]23[223]	CTTCTAGGGCCTGACACAGTGCACATACGTG		Structure strand
21[248]23[255]	AGATTAGAGCCGTCAAAAAACAGAGGTGAGGCCTATTAGT		Structure strand
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21[56]23[63]	AGCTGATTGCCCTCAGAGTCCACTATTAAAGGGTGCCTG		Structure strand
21[96]23[95]	AGCAAGCGTAGGGTTGAGTGTGAGGGAGCC		Structure strand
22[111]20[112]	GCCCGAGAGTCCACGCTGGTTGCAGCTAACT		Structure strand
22[143]21[159]	TCGGCAAATCCTGTTGATGGTGGACCCCTCAA		Structure strand
22[175]20[176]	ACCTTGCTGGTCAGTTGGCAAAGAGCGGA		Structure strand
22[207]20[208]	AGCCAGCAATTGAGGAAGGTTATCATCATT		Structure strand
22[239]20[240]	TTAACACCAGCACTAACAACTAATCGTTATTA		Structure strand
22[271]20[272]	CAGAAGATTAGATAATACATTGTCGACAA		Structure strand
22[47]20[48]	CTCCAACGCAGTGAGACGGCAACCAGCTGCA		Structure strand
22[79]20[80]	TGGAACAACCGCCTGGCCCTGAGGCCGCT		Structure strand
23[128]23[159]	AACGTGGCGAGAAAGGAAGGGAAACCAGTAA		Structure strand
23[160]22[176]	TAAAAGGGACATTCTGGCCAACAAAGCATC		Structure strand
23[192]22[208]	ACCCCTCTGACCTGAAAGCGTAAGACGCTGAG		Structure strand
23[224]22[240]	GCACAGACAATATTTGAATGGGGTCAGTA		Structure strand
23[256]22[272]	CTTTAATGCGCGAACTGATAGCCCCACCGAG		Structure strand

23[32]22[48]	CAAATCAAGTTTTGGGGTCGAAACGTGGA		Structure strand
23[64]22[80]	AAAGCACTAACATCGAACCTAATCCAGTT		Structure strand
23[96]22[112]	CCCGATTTAGAGCTTGACGGGGAAAAGAATA		Structure strand
3[160]4[144]	TTGACAGGCCACCACAGAGCCGCATTGTA		Structure strand
3[224]5[223]	TTAAAGCCAGAGCCGCCACCGTACAGAGAA		Structure strand
3[32]5[31]	AATACGTTGAAAAGAGGACAGACTGACCTT		Structure strand
3[96]5[95]	ACACTCATCCATGTTACTTAGCCGAAAGCTGC		Structure strand
4[111]2[112]	GACCTGCTTTGACCCCCAGCGAGGGAGTTA		Structure strand
4[143]3[159]	TCATCGCCAACAAAGTACAACGGACGCCAGCA		Structure strand
4[175]2[176]	CACCAGAAAGGTTGAGGCAGGTACAGAAG		Structure strand
4[207]2[208]	CCACCCCTCTATTACAAACAAATCCTGCCTA		Structure strand
4[239]2[240]	GCCTCCCTCAGAATGGAAAGCCAGTAACAGT		Structure strand
4[271]2[272]	AAATCACCTTCCAGTAAGCGTCAGTAATAA		Structure strand
4[47]2[48]	GACCAACTAATGCCACTACGAAGGGGTAGCA		Structure strand
4[79]2[80]	GCGCAGACAAGAGGCAAAAGAATCCCTCAG		Structure strand
5[160]6[144]	GCAAGGCCTCACCACTAGCACCATGGGCTTGA		Structure strand
5[224]7[223]	TCAAGTTCATTAAGGTGAATATAAAAGA		Structure strand
5[32]7[31]	CATCAAGTAAACGAACTAACCGAGTTGAGA		Structure strand
5[96]7[95]	TCATTCAAGATGCCATTAAAGAACAGGCATAG		Structure strand
6[111]4[112]	ATTACCTTGAATAAGGCTTGCCTAACATCCGC		Structure strand
6[143]5[159]	GATGGTTGAACGAGTAGTAAATTACCATTA		Structure strand
6[175]4[176]	CAGCAAAAGGAAACGTCACCAATGAGCCGC		Structure strand
6[207]4[208]	TCACCGACGCACCGTAATCAGTAGCAGAACCG		Structure strand
6[239]4[240]	GAAATTATTGCCTTAGCGTCAGACCGGAACC		Structure strand
6[271]4[272]	ACCGATTGTCGGCATTTCGGTCATAATCA		Structure strand
6[47]4[48]	TACGTTAAAGTAATCTTGACAAGAACCGAACT		Structure strand
6[79]4[80]	TTATACCAACAAATCAACGTAACGAACAGAG		Structure strand
7[120]9[127]	CGTTTACCAAGACAAAGAAGTTTGCCATAATTGCA		Structure strand
7[160]8[144]	TTATTACGAAGAACTGGCATGATTGCGAGAGG		Structure strand
7[184]9[191]	CGTAGAAAATACATACCGAGGAAACGCAATAAGAACCGCA		Structure strand
7[224]9[223]	AACGCAAAGATAACCGAACAAACCTGAAC		Structure strand
7[248]9[255]	GTTTATTTGTACAATCTACCGAAGCCCTTAATATCA		Structure strand
7[32]9[31]	TTTAGGACAAATGCTTAAACAAATCAGGTC		Structure strand
7[56]9[63]	ATGCAGATAACACGGGAATCGTCATAAATAAGCAAAG		Structure strand
7[96]9[95]	TAAGAGCAAATGTTAGACTGGATAGGAAGCC		Structure strand
8[111]6[112]	AATAGTAAACACTATCATAACCCCTATTGTGA		Structure strand
8[143]7[159]	CTTTGCAGATAAAACCAAAATAAGACTCCC		Structure strand
8[175]6[176]	ATACCCAACAGTATGTTAGCAAATTAGAGC		Structure strand
8[207]6[208]	AAGGAAACATAAAGGTGGCACATTATCACCG		Structure strand
8[239]6[240]	AAGTAAGCAGAACCGACGGAAATAATTGACG		Structure strand
8[271]6[272]	AATAGCTATCAATAGAAAATTCAACATTCA		Structure strand
8[47]6[48]	ATCCCCCTATACACATTCAACTAGAAAAATC		Structure strand
8[79]6[80]	AATACTGCCAAAAGGAATTACGTGGCTCA		Structure strand
9[128]11[127]	GCTTCAATCAGGATTAGAGAGTTTTCA		Structure strand

9[160]10[144]	AGAGAGAAAAAAATGAAAATAGCAAGCAAAC		Structure strand
9[192]11[191]	TTAGACGGCCAAATAAGAAACGGATAGAAGGCT		Structure strand
9[224]11[223]	AAAGTCACAAAATAAACAGCCAGCGTTTTA		Structure strand
9[256]11[255]	GAGAGATAGAGCGCTTCCAGAGGTTTGAA		Structure strand
9[32]11[31]	TTTACCCCAACATGTTTAAATTCCATAT		Structure strand
9[64]11[63]	CGGATTGCAGAGCTTAATTGCTGAAACGAGTA		Structure strand
9[96]11[95]	CGAAAGACTTTGATAAGAGGTATTTCGCA		Structure strand
4[63]6[56]	Biotin - ATAAGGGAACCGGATATTCATCACGTAGGACGTTGGAA - 3'		5'-Biotin modification
4[127]6[120]	Biotin - TTGTGTCGTGACGAGAACACCAAATTCAACTTTAAT - 3'		5'-Biotin modification
4[191]6[184]	Biotin - CACCCCTCAGAAACCATCGATAGCATTGAGCCATTGGGAA - 3'		5'-Biotin modification
4[255]6[248]	Biotin - AGCCACCCTGTAGCGCGTTCAAGGGAGGGAAGGTAAA - 3'		5'-Biotin modification
18[63]20[56]	Biotin - ATTAAGTTACCGAGCTCGAATTGGAAACCTGTCGTGC - 3'		5'-Biotin modification
18[127]20[120]	Biotin - GCGATCGGCAATTCCACACAACAGGTGCCTAATGAGTG - 3'		5'-Biotin modification
18[191]20[184]	Biotin - ATTCACTTTGTTGGATTATACTAAGAAACCACCAGAAG - 3'		5'-Biotin modification
18[255]20[248]	Biotin - AACATAACGTAAACAGAAATAAAATCCTTGCCCCGAA - 3'		5'-Biotin modification

table S2. M13mp18 scaffold sequence.

table S3. Fluorescently labeled DNA sequences.

Label	Handle
5' - GTGATGTAGGTGGTAGAGGAA - Atto 647N	staple - TTCCCTCTACCACCTACATCAC - 3'
5' - TATGAGAAGTTAGGAATGTTA - Cy3	staple - TAACATTCCTAACCTCTCATA - 3'
5' - CGAGTTTAGGAGAGATGGTAA - Atto 488	staple - TTACCATCTCCTAAACTCG - 3'

table S4. Intensity barcode subset (25 of 124).

Barcode-No	RED	GRN	BLU	Subset No
1	6	0	0	
2	14	0	0	
3	27	0	0	
4	44	0	0	
5	0	6	0	
6	6	6	0	1
7	14	6	0	
8	27	6	0	
9	44	6	0	
10	0	14	0	
11	6	14	0	
12	14	14	0	
13	27	14	0	2
14	44	14	0	
15	0	27	0	
16	6	27	0	3
17	14	27	0	
18	27	27	0	
19	44	27	0	
20	0	44	0	
21	6	44	0	
22	14	44	0	
23	27	44	0	4
24	44	44	0	5
25	0	0	6	
26	6	0	6	
27	14	0	6	
28	27	0	6	6
29	44	0	6	7

30	0	6	6	
31	6	6	6	
32	14	6	6	
33	27	6	6	
34	44	6	6	
35	0	14	6	
36	6	14	6	
37	14	14	6	
38	27	14	6	
39	44	14	6	
40	0	27	6	
41	6	27	6	
42	14	27	6	
43	27	27	6	
44	44	27	6	
45	0	44	6	
46	6	44	6	
47	14	44	6	
48	27	44	6	
49	44	44	6	
50	0	0	14	
51	6	0	14	
52	14	0	14	
53	27	0	14	
54	44	0	14	
55	0	6	14	
56	6	6	14	
57	14	6	14	
58	27	6	14	8
59	44	6	14	
60	0	14	14	9
61	6	14	14	10
62	14	14	14	
63	27	14	14	
64	44	14	14	11
65	0	27	14	
66	6	27	14	
67	14	27	14	12
68	27	27	14	
69	44	27	14	13
70	0	44	14	

71	6	44	14	
72	14	44	14	
73	27	44	14	14
74	44	44	14	15
75	0	0	27	
76	6	0	27	
77	14	0	27	
78	27	0	27	
79	44	0	27	16
80	0	6	27	
81	6	6	27	
82	14	6	27	17
83	27	6	27	
84	44	6	27	
85	0	14	27	
86	6	14	27	
87	14	14	27	18
88	27	14	27	
89	44	14	27	19
90	0	27	27	20
91	6	27	27	
92	14	27	27	
93	27	27	27	
94	44	27	27	
95	0	44	27	
96	6	44	27	
97	14	44	27	21
98	27	44	27	
99	44	44	27	
100	0	0	44	
101	6	0	44	
102	14	0	44	
103	27	0	44	22
104	44	0	44	
105	0	6	44	23
106	6	6	44	
107	14	6	44	
108	27	6	44	
109	44	6	44	
110	0	14	44	
111	6	14	44	

112	14	14	44	
113	27	14	44	
114	44	14	44	
115	0	27	44	
116	6	27	44	
117	14	27	44	
118	27	27	44	
119	44	27	44	
120	0	44	44	24
121	6	44	44	25
122	14	44	44	
123	27	44	44	
124	44	44	44	

table S5. Intensity barcode subset (12 of 64).

Barcode-No	RED	GRN	BLU	Subset No
1	6	6	6	
2	14	6	6	
3	27	6	6	
4	44	6	6	
5	6	14	6	1
6	14	14	6	
7	27	14	6	
8	44	14	6	
9	6	27	6	
10	14	27	6	
11	27	27	6	2
12	44	27	6	
13	6	44	6	
14	14	44	6	3
15	27	44	6	
16	44	44	6	
17	6	6	14	
18	14	6	14	
19	27	6	14	4
20	44	6	14	
21	6	14	14	
22	14	14	14	5
23	27	14	14	
24	44	14	14	6
25	6	27	14	
26	14	27	14	
27	27	27	14	
28	44	27	14	
29	6	44	14	
30	14	44	14	
31	27	44	14	
32	44	44	14	
33	6	6	27	
34	14	6	27	
35	27	6	27	
36	44	6	27	
37	6	14	27	
38	14	14	27	

39	27	14	27	
40	44	14	27	
41	6	27	27	
42	14	27	27	
43	27	27	27	7
44	44	27	27	
45	6	44	27	8
46	14	44	27	
47	27	44	27	
48	44	44	27	9
49	6	6	44	
50	14	6	44	
51	27	6	44	
52	44	6	44	
53	6	14	44	
54	14	14	44	
55	27	14	44	
56	44	14	44	10
57	6	27	44	
58	14	27	44	11
59	27	27	44	
60	44	27	44	
61	6	44	44	12
62	14	44	44	
63	27	44	44	
64	44	44	44	

table S6. Intensity barcode subset (5 of 20).

Barcode-No	RED	GRN	BLU	Subset No
1	44	14	14	
2	14	44	14	1
3	14	14	44	
4	44	44	14	
5	44	14	44	2
6	14	44	44	
7	44	44	44	
8	14	14	14	
9	44	44	0	
10	44	0	44	3
11	0	44	44	
12	14	14	0	
13	14	0	14	
14	0	14	14	4
15	44	14	0	
16	44	0	14	
17	0	44	14	
18	14	44	0	5
19	14	0	44	
20	0	14	44	

table S7. DNA detection sequences and corresponding barcodes.

Target	Sequence	Barcode (RED-GRN-BLU)
1	5' - GCAGTTCCGACCGATATAGT TTT CGGTTGTACTGTGACCGATTC - 3'	14-44-14
2	5' - TAGAGTCCAAGAGTCCTCGTT TTT CGGTTGTACTGTGACCGATTC - 3'	14-44-44
3	5' - GGTAAAGGTCAACATCGTCTC TTT CGGTTGTACTGTGACCGATTC - 3'	14-14-14
4	5' - CATGTCAGGAGATTTCAGCC TTT CGGTTGTACTGTGACCGATTC - 3'	14-14-44
5	5' - TACCCTATCTGAGTGAGTAGC TTT CGGTTGTACTGTGACCGATTC - 3'	44-14-14
6	5' - CTTCCCGTTATGACAAGATGG TTT CGGTTGTACTGTGACCGATTC - 3'	44-14-44
7	5' - CCCTAGTGCTTGGAGAAC TTT CGGTTGTACTGTGACCGATTC - 3'	44-44-14
8	5' - GGACACGGTATTCTAATTG TTT CGGTTGTACTGTGACCGATTC - 3'	44-44-44

table S8. Triggered assembly sequences.

Description	Sequence
Capture	Alexa 647 - CTCCTGCCCTTGCTCACCAT - Biotin
Trigger	5' - ATGGTGAGCAAGGGCGAGGAG ... CCTCACCTCTACTCCCCACCCACACGCACCCTC CCTCACCTCTACTCCCCACCCACACGCACCCTC ... CCTCACCTCTACTCCCCACCCACACGCACCCTC CCTCACCTCTACTCCCCACCCACACGCACCCTC - 3'
Hairpin	Cy3 - TCCCCACCCACACGCACCCTC CCTCACCTCTAC ... GAGGGTGC GTGGGTGGGA GTAGAGGTGAGG - 3'

protocol S1. DNA origami self-assembly.

Self-assembly was performed in a one-pot reaction with 20 μ l total volume containing 10 nM scaffold strand (M13mp18), 100 nM folding staples and 150 nM biotinylated strands, 100 nM strands with dye-handle extension and 225 nM fluorescently-labeled anti-handles in folding buffer (1 \times TAE Buffer with 12.5 mM MgCl₂). The solution was heatshocked at 65 °C for 5 min to remove eventual secondary structures and subsequently cooled to 4 °C over the course of 1 h. DNA origami were purified by agarose gel electrophoresis (1.5 % agarose, 1 \times TAE Buffer with 12.5 mM MgCl₂) at 4.5 V/cm for 1.5 h, on ice. Gel bands were cut, crushed and filled into a ‘Freeze ‘N Squeeze’ column and spun for 5 min at 1000 \times g at 4 °C.

protocol S2. Microscopy sample preparation.

Clean coverslip (No. 1.5, 18 \times 18 mm², \approx 0.17 mm thick) and microscopy slide (3 \times 1 inch², 1 mm thick) with Isopropanol.

Build flow chamber by sandwiching two strips of sticky tape between coverslip and glass slide, \sim 20 μ l volume.

Incubate 2 min with 20 μ l 1 mg/ml BSA-Biotin in Buffer A (see Materials).

Rinse with 40 μ l Buffer A.

Incubate 2 min with 20 μ l 0.5 mg/ml Streptavidin in Buffer A.

Rinse with 40 μ l Buffer A.

Rinse with 40 μ l Buffer B (see Materials).

Incubate for 2 min with 20 μ l \sim 300 pM DNA origami based metafluorophores.

Rinse with 40 μ l Buffer B.

Seal chamber with epoxy.

protocol S3. Triggered assembly on surface.

Capture (CAP) and trigger (T) strands were annealed in a thermocycler directly before adding to the sample at 1 μ M in 1x TAE with 12.5 mM MgCl₂ with 0.05% Tween20 (85 °C for 5 min, gradient from 85 °C to 10 °C in 15 min).

Hairpin (HP) strands were annealed in a thermocycler directly before adding to the sample at 1 μ M in 1x TAE with 12.5 mM MgCl₂ (85 °C for 5 min, gradient from 85 °C to 10 °C in 15 min).

Build flow chamber with 3x sticky tape height, \sim 60 μ l volume.

Incubate 2 min with 60 μ l 1 mg/ml BSA-Biotin in Buffer A.

Rinse with 120 μ l Buffer A.

Incubate 2 min with 60 μ l 0.5 mg/ml Streptavidin in Buffer A.

Rinse with 120 μ l Buffer A.

Rinse with 120 μ l 1x TAE with 12.5mM MgCl₂ with 0.05% Tween-20.

Incubate 1 min with 60 μ l 25 pM annealed CAP-T duplexes in 12.5mM MgCl₂ with 0.05% Tween-20.

Rinse with 120 μ l 1x TAE with 12.5mM MgCl₂ with 0.05% Tween-20.

Incubate for 2 min with 60 μ l 100 pM DNA origami standards.

Rinse with 120 μ l 1x TAE with 12.5mM MgCl₂ with 0.05% Tween-20.

Incubate for 20 min with 60 μ l 30 nM annealed HP.

Rinse with 120 μ l 1x TAE with 12.5 mM MgCl₂ with 0.05% Tween-20.

Repeat HP incubation 3 times.

Seal chamber.

protocol S4. Triggered assembly in solution and gel assay.

Triggered assembly of triangles for the gel assay was performed in a one-pot reaction. Capture strands (CAP), trigger strands (T) and fluorescently labeled hairpins (HP) were added in varying stoichiometric ratios to a total volume of 40 μ l. CAP strands were at a final concentration of 100 nM, T strands at 110 nM and HP strands at 550 nM (5x), 1.325 μ M (12x) or 2.2 μ M (20x). Strands were diluted in 1x TAE with 12.5 mM MgCl₂. HP strands were annealed in a thermocycler directly before adding to the triggered assembly reaction at 10 μ M in 1x TAE with 12.5 mM MgCl₂ (85 C for 5 min, gradient from 85 C to 10 C in 15 min). The control sample did not contain the T strand but HP strands at 1.325 μ M (12x). Assembly was performed in low retention PCR tubes at either 30 C or at 24 C for 2 h each.

Gel electrophoresis was performed using a 2% agarose gel in 1x TAE with 12.5 mM MgCl₂, with 4.5 V/cm for 3 h on ice.

Gel was scanned with a Typhoon scanner.

Materials

Unmodified DNA oligonucleotides were purchased from Integrated DNA Technologies. Fluorescently modified DNA oligonucleotides were purchased from Biosynthesis. Streptavidin was purchased from Invitrogen (Catalog number: S-888). Albumin, biotin labeled bovine (BSA-biotin) was obtained from Sigma Aldrich (Catalog Number: A8549). Glass slides and coverslips were purchased from VWR. M13mp18 scaffold was obtained from New England Biolabs. ‘Freeze N Squeeze’ columns were ordered from Bio-Rad.

Two buffers were used for sample preparation and imaging:

Buffer A (10 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM NaCl, 0.05 % Tween-20, pH 8).

Buffer B (5 mM Tris-HCl, 10 mM MgCl₂, 1 mM EDTA, 0.05 % Tween-20, pH 8).

Optical setup

DNA origami-based metafluorophore imaging was performed on a Zeiss Axio Observer Z1 Inverted Fluorescence Microscope with Definite Focus and a Zeiss Colibri LED illumination system (ATTO 488: 470 nm, Cy3: 555 nm, ATTO 647N: 625 nm). We used a Zeiss Plan-apochromat (63x/1.40 Oil) oil-immersion objective and a Hamamatsu Orca-Flash 4.0 sCMOS camera.

ATTO 488: Zeiss filter set 38: (BP 470/40, FT 495, BP 525/50).

Cy3: Zeiss Filter Set 43 (BP 545/25, FT 570, BP 605/70).

ATTO 647N: Zeiss filter set 50 (BP 640/30, FT 660, BP 690/50).

Triggered assembly imaging was carried out on an inverted Nikon Eclipse Ti microscope using a Nikon TIRF illuminator with an oil-immersion objective (CFI Apo TIRF 100×, numerical aperture (NA) 1.49, oil).

Lasers: 488 nm (200 mW nominal, Coherent Sapphire), 561 nm (200 mW nominal, Coherent Sapphire) and 647 nm (300 mW nominal, MBP Communications).

Camera: iXon X3 DU-897 EMCCD (Andor Technologies)

Excitation filters: (ZT488/10, ZET561/10 and ZET640/20, Chroma Technology)

Multiband beam splitter: (ZT488rdc/ZT561rdc/ZT640rdc, Chroma Technology)

Emission filters: (ET525/50m, ET600/50m and ET700/75m, Chroma Technology)

Multiplexed nucleic acid detection was performed on a Zeiss LSM 780 confocal laser scanning microscope equipped with a ZEISS Plan-APO 63x/NA1.46 oil immersion objective and a GaAsP array for detection.

Lasers: 458 nm (Argon), 561 nm (DPSS), 647 nm (HeNe).

Software section

Spot detection, intensity analysis

After image acquisition, spot-detection was performed using a custom LabVIEW script. Here, 2D Gaussians were fitted within a 10x10 px² area around the center of the spots. The volume of the 2D Gaussian is proportional to the photon count and is thereby defined as intensity. Finally, one obtains a molecule-list with both, spatial coordinates and corresponding intensity values.

Barcode identification

All intensity values were plotted as a histogram and the local maxima (peaks) were fitted with Gaussians. Based on the intersections of these fits, the distinct intensity-level intervals could be determined.

Non-overlapping regions in between two peaks had to be identified and barcodes with a corresponding intensity had to be classified as qualified. To identify the overlapping interval between two peaks, the height of the intersection (x counts) of the corresponding fits was determined. By determining the intersections of the two Gaussians with half the height of their intersection ($x/2$ counts), the overlapping interval and boundaries for barcode levels were defined. Additionally, spots that did not meet the criteria of the robust subsets were removed (e.g. removal of barcodes that do not have three colors for the 64-subset.).

After removing the spots that did not qualify, the intensity values in the molecule-list were replaced with barcode-level indicators. Individual barcodes were identified by combining spots from the three molecule-lists (corresponding to the three recorded colors), which are in close proximity (i.e. < 500 nm).

Triggered assembly

Triggered assembly evaluation was performed by determining spot coordinates and spot intensities as described above. Colocalizations of red (Alexa 647) and green (Cy3) spots were grouped as triangles and blue (Atto 488) and green (Cy3) colocalizations as DNA origamis. Plotting the two groups together resulted in Figure 6c of the main test.